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Amendments to the Claims:

This listing of claims replaces all prior versions and listings of claims in the application:

Listing of Claims:

- 1-126. (canceled).
- 127. (New) An electrical transformer including a housing that contains a transformer core/coil assembly, comprising:
- a dielectric fluid surrounding said core-coil assembly, wherein the dielectric fluid is essentially a natural food product and consists essentially of a vegetable oil and an antioxidant compound, and wherein the vegetable oil has a viscosity of between 2 and 15 cSt at 100°C and less than 110 cSt at 40°C.
- 128. (New) The transformer of claim 127, wherein the antioxidant compound is selected from the group consisting of BHA, BHT, TBHQ, THBP, ascorbyl palmitate, propyl gallate and alpha-, beta- or delta-tocopherol.
- 129. (New) The transformer of claim 128, wherein the dielectric fluid further comprises at least one of a low temperature additive and an antimicrobial additive.
- 130. (New) A transformer including a housing that contains a transformer core/coil assembly, comprising:
- a dielectric fluid surrounding said core-coil assembly, wherein the dielectric fluid is essentially a natural food product and consists essentially of an oleate modified vegetable oil and an antioxidant compound, and wherein the vegetable oil has a viscosity of between 2 and 15 cSt at 100°C and less than 100 cSt at 40°C.
- 131. (New) The transformer of claim 130, wherein the antioxidant compound is selected from the group consisting of BHA, BHT, TBHQ, THBP, ascorbyl palmitate, propyl gallate and alpha-, beta- or delta-tocopherol.

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- 132. (New) The transformer of claim 131, wherein the dielectric fluid further comprises at least one of a low temperature additive and an antimicrobial additive.
- 133. (New) A transformer including a housing that contains a transformer core/coil assembly, comprising:

a dielectric fluid surrounding said core-coil assembly, wherein the dielectric fluid is essentially a natural food product and consists of a vegetable oil and an antioxidant compound, and wherein the vegetable oil has a viscosity of between 2 and 15 cSt at 100°C and less than 110 cSt at 40°C.

- 134. (New) The transformer of claim 133, wherein the antioxidant compound is selected from the group consisting of BHA, BHT, TBHQ, THBP, ascorbyl palmitate, propyl gallate and alpha-, beta- or delta-tocopherol.
- 135. (New) The transformer of claim 134, wherein the dielectric fluid further comprises at least one of a low temperature additive and an antimicrobial additive.
- 136. (New) A transformer including a tank housing a transformer core/coil assembly, comprising:

a dielectric fluid surrounding said core-coil assembly, wherein the dielectric fluid is essentially a natural food product and consists of an oleate modified vegetable oil and an antioxidant compound, and wherein the vegetable oil has a viscosity of between 2 and 15 cSt at 100°C and less than 110 cSt at 40°C.

- 137. (New) The transformer of claim 136, wherein the antioxidant compound is selected from the group consisting of BHA, BHT, TBHQ, THBP, ascorbyl palmitate, propyl gallate and alpha-,beta- or delta-tocopherol.
- 138. (New) The transformer of claim 137, wherein the dielectric fluid further comprises at least one of a low temperature additive and an antimicrobial additive.
- 139. (New) A transformer including a tank housing a transformer core/coil assembly, comprising:

a dielectric fluid surrounding said core-coil assembly, wherein the dielectric fluid consists essentially of a base oil and additives that increase the functional properties of the base oil, the

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base oil consisting of a vegetable oil having a viscosity of between 2 and 15 cSt at 100°C and less than 110 cSt at 40°C, and the additives consisting of an antioxidant compound.

- 140. (New) The transformer of claim 139, wherein the antioxidant compound is selected from the group consisting of BHA, BHT, TBHQ, THBP, ascorbyl palmitate, propyl gallate and alpha-, beta- or delta-tocopherol.
- 141. (New) The transformer of claim 140, wherein the dielectric fluid further comprises at least one of a low temperature additive and an antimicrobial additive.
- 142. (New) A transformer including a housing that contains a transformer core/coil assembly, comprising:

a dielectric fluid surrounding said core-coil assembly, wherein the dielectric fluid consists essentially of a vegetable oil with a viscosity of between 2 and 15 cSt at 100°C, and less than 110 cSt at 40°C and an antioxidant compound; and wherein the dielectric fluid has: (a) a minimum dielectric breakdown of greater than or equal to 30 kV; (b) a fire point of greater than 300°C; and (c) a pour point between -15 and -25°C.

- 143. (New) The transformer of claim 142, wherein the antioxidant compound is selected from the group consisting of BHA, BHT, TBHQ, THBP, ascorbyl palmitate, propyl gallate and alpha-, beta- or delta-tocopherol.
- 144. (New) The transformer of claim 143, wherein the dielectric fluid further comprises a least one of a low temperature additive and an antimicrobial additive.
- 145. (New) A transformer including a housing that contains a transformer core/coil assembly, comprising:

a dielectric fluid surrounding said core-coil assembly, wherein the dielectric fluid consists essentially of an oleate modified vegetable oil with a viscosity of between 2 and 15 cSt at 100°C and less than 110 cSt at 40°C and an antioxidant compound; and wherein the dielectric fluid has:

(a) a minimum dielectric breakdown of greater than or equal to 30 kV; (b) a fire point of greater than 300°C; and (c) a pour point between --15 and -25°C.

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- 146. (New) The transformer of claim 145, wherein the antioxidant compound is selected from the group consisting of BHA, BHT, TBHQ, THBP, ascorbyl palmitate, propyl gallate and alpha-, beta- or delta-tocopherol.
- 147. (New) The transformer of claim 146, wherein the dielectric fluid further comprises a least one of a low temperature additive and an antimicrobial additive.
- 148. (New) A method of using a transformer, comprising employing in the transformer a dielectric fluid, the dielectric fluid consisting essentially of a vegetable oil and an antioxidant compound, wherein the vegetable oil has a viscosity of between 2 and 15 cSt at 100°C and less than 110 cSt at 40°C, and wherein the dielectric fluid is essentially a natural food product.
- 149. (New) The method of claim 148, wherein the antioxidant compound is selected from the group consisting of BHA, BHT, TBHQ, THBP, ascorbyl palmitate, propyl gallate and alpha-, beta- or delta-tocopherol.
- 150. (New) The method of claim 149, wherein the dielectric fluid further comprises at least one of a low temperature additive and an antimicrobial additive.
- 151. (New) A method of using a transformer, comprising employing in the transformer a dielectric fluid, the dielectric fluid consisting essentially of an oleate modified vegetable oil and an antioxidant compound, wherein the vegetable oil has a viscosity of between 2 and 15 cSt at 100°C and less than 110 cSt at 40°C, and wherein the dielectric fluid is essentially a natural food product.
- 152. (New) The method of claim 151, wherein the antioxidant compound is selected from the group consisting of BHA, BHT, TBHQ, THBP, ascorbyl palmitate, propyl gallate and alpha-, beta- or delta-tocopherol.
- 153. (New) The method of claim 152, wherein the dielectric fluid further comprises a least one of a low temperature additive and an antimicrobial additive.
- 154. (New) A method of using a transformer including a housing that contains a transformer core/coil assembly, comprising: employing in the transformer a dielectric fluid surrounding said core-coil assembly, wherein the dielectric fluid consists essentially of a base oil

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and the additives consisting of an antioxidant compound.

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and additives that increase the functional properties of the base oil, the base oil consisting of a vegetable oil having a viscosity of between 2 and 15 cSt at 100°C and less than 110 cSt at 40°C,

155. (New) The method of claim 154, wherein the antioxidant compound is selected from the group consisting of BHA, BHT, TBHQ, THBP, ascorbyl palmitate, propyl gallate and alpha-, beta- or delta-tocopherol.

- 156. (New) The method of claim 155, wherein the dielectric fluid further comprises a least one of a low temperature additive and an antimicrobial additive.
- 157. (New) A method of using a transformer, comprising employing in the transformer a dielectric fluid, the dielectric fluid consisting of a vegetable oil and an antioxidant compound, wherein the vegetable oil has a viscosity of between 2 and 15 cSt at 100°C and less than 110 cSt at 40°C, and wherein the dielectric fluid is essentially a natural food product.
- 158. (New) The method of claim 157, wherein the antioxidant compound is selected from the group consisting of BHA, BHT, TBHQ, THBP, ascorbyl palmitate, propyl gallate and alpha-, beta- or delta-tocopherol.
- 159. (New) The method of claim 158, wherein the dielectric fluid further comprises a least one of a low temperature additive and an antimicrobial additive.
- 160. (New) A method of using a transformer, comprising employing in the transformer a dielectric fluid, the dielectric fluid consisting of an oleate modified vegetable oil and an antioxidant compound, wherein the vegetable oil has a viscosity of between 2 and 15 cSt at 100°C and less than 110 cSt at 40°C, and wherein the dielectric fluid is essentially a natural food product.
- 161. (New) The method of claim 160, wherein the antioxidant compound is selected from the group consisting of BHA, BHT, TBHQ, THBP, ascorbyl palmitate, propyl gallate and alpha-, beta- or delta-tocopherol.
- 162. (New) The method of claim 161, wherein the dielectric fluid further comprises a least one of a low temperature additive and an antimicrobial additive.

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- 163. (New) A method of retrofilling a transformer, comprising: removing an existing dielectric fluid from the transformer; drying the transformer; and replacing the existing dielectric fluid with a dielectric fluid consisting essentially of a vegetable oil and an antioxidant compound, wherein the vegetable oil has a viscosity of between 2 and 15 cSt at 100°C and less than 110 cSt at 40°C, and wherein the dielectric fluid is essentially a natural food product.
- 164. (New) The method of claim 163, wherein the antioxidant compound is selected from the group consisting of BHA, BHT, TBHQ, THBP, ascorbyl palmitate, propyl gallate and alpha-, beta- or delta-tocopherol.
- 165. (New) The method of claim 164, wherein the dielectric fluid further comprises at least one of a low temperature additive and an antimicrobial additive.
- 166. (New) A method of retrofilling a transformer, comprising removing an existing dielectric fluid from the transformer; drying the transformer; and replacing the existing dielectric fluid with a dielectric fluid consisting essentially of an oleate modified vegetable oil and an antioxidant compound, wherein the vegetable oil has a viscosity of between 2 and 15 cSt at 100°C and less than 110 cSt at 40°C, and wherein the dielectric fluid is essentially a natural food product.
- 167. (New) The method of claim 166, wherein the antioxidant compound is selected from the group consisting of BHA, BHT, TBHQ, THBP, ascorbyl palmitate, propyl gallate and alpha-, beta- or delta-tocopherol.
- 168. (New) The method of claim 167, wherein the dielectric fluid further comprises a least one of a low temperature additive and an antimicrobial additive.
- 169. (New) A method of retrofilling a transformer, comprising removing an existing dielectric fluid from the transformer; drying the transformer; and replacing the existing dielectric fluid with a dielectric fluid consisting essentially of a vegetable oil and an antioxidant compound, wherein the vegetable oil has a viscosity of between 2 and 15 cSt at 100°C and less than 110 cSt at 40°C.

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- 170. (New) The method of claim 169, wherein the antioxidant compound is selected from the group consisting of BHA, BHT, TBHQ, THBP, ascorbyl palmitate, propyl gallate and alpha-, beta- or delta-tocopherol.
- 171. (New) The method of claim 170, wherein the dielectric fluid further comprises at least one of a low temperature additive and an antimicrobial additive.
- 172. (New) A method of retrofilling a transformer, comprising removing an existing dielectric fluid from the transformer; drying the transformer; and replacing the existing dielectric fluid with a dielectric fluid consisting essentially of an oleate modified vegetable oil and an antioxidant compound, wherein the vegetable oil has a viscosity of between 2 and 15 cSt at 100°C and less than 110 cSt at 40°C.
- 173. (New) The method of claim 172, wherein the antioxidant compound is selected from the group consisting of BHA, BHT, TBHQ, THBP, ascorbyl palmitate, propyl gallate and alpha-, beta- or delta-tocopherol.
- 174. (New) The method of claim 173, wherein the dielectric fluid further comprises a least one of a low temperature additive and an antimicrobial additive.